Interactive comment on “Regional Greenland Accumulation Variability from Operation IceBridge Airborne Accumulation Radar” by Gabriel Lewis et al.

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Comment: This is a generally very good study of Greenland Ice Sheet accumulation based on Ice-Bridge data, that compares the results with several different regional climate models and a kriged map of ice-core data. Finally, an attempt is made to interpret recent accumulation variations (spatial and temporal) with reference to the Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation and North Atlantic Oscillation changes, although Greenland Blocking should also be mentioned here. This latter section is less strong and can be supplemented with some extra material from recent studies (see below). I’m not convinced, from the results presented, that the AMO is necessarily the main driver of the Greenland accumulation increase seen since 1976, and would welcome a bit more analysis of this aspect. Overall the paper is important because it presents a major new dataset of Greenland accumulation and highlights some major regional differences between the RCMs and IceBridge data, that need to be reconciled in future work. It helps to identify key regions where Greenland accumulation data are relatively lacking and need to be collected.

Response: We have significantly modified the portion of the manuscript evaluating spatial and temporal variations in accumulation and their relationships with atmospheric and oceanic modes of variability. We expand the discussion of relationships with the NAO, AMO and GBI, and incorporate additional relevant references. These results are consistent with our original EOF analysis, but we think that our new discussion and figure based on correlations significantly improves the manuscript.

Comment: Specific comments: Please use “GrIS” rather than “GIS” (Geographic Information Systems!) abbreviation for Greenland Ice Sheet.

Response: This acronym has been corrected to GrIS everywhere in the paper.


Response: The reference has been corrected and additional references have been added.
Response: The reference has been added.

Response: The reference has been added.

Response: This text and reference have been added.

Comment: p.2, l.13 Suggest add text in CAPS to the following: “but are too sparse to capture the full spatial variability of GIS accumulation, especially in the southeast,” ALTHOUGH ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO INTERPOLATE ICE-CORE-BASED ACCUMULATION DATA - SUPPLEMENTED WITH COASTAL PRECIPITATION DATA - TO THE WHOLE-ICE-SHEET SCALE (BALES ET AL. 2009). HOWEVER, THIS APPROACH MAY POSSIBLY UNDERESTIMATE ACCUMULATION IN PARTS OF THE INTERIOR COASTAL MOUNTAINS OF SOUTH-EAST GREENLAND.
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.2, l.15 -> "more spatially distributed AND REPRESENTATIVE GIS accumulation dataset..."
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.3, l.6 (and throughout MS) - correct "principle component analysis" to "principal component analysis”.
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.3, l.18: How are the IRHs related to spatial and/or temporal changes in accumulation?
Response: We have added the following text: “We calculate accumulation between each pair of adjacent IRHs for every radar trace along the flight lines. Spatial changes in accumulation are evident from varying distances between IRHs along each flight line. Temporal changes in accumulation are evident from examining accumulation during different epochs at one location.”

Comment: p.5, l.17, Equation 3: Is rho(z) the "mean* density of the respective layer? Response: Yes, rho(z) is the mean density between IRHs. This has been clarified.

Comment: p.6, l.14: missing full stop at end of sentence.
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.8, l.21: "data set" -> "dataset".
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.9, l.29: "where ice cores were collected several decades ago".
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.10, l.10: you can’t really have a percentage of SMB as there is no absolute zero point, so I’m not sure this makes sense.
Response: These are accumulation percent differences calculated using (Model – Ice-
Bridge)/IceBridge, which we use extensively in Figure 8 and Table 2.

Comment: p.10, l.26 slightly reword to "These correlations indicate AN ASSOCIATION BETWEEN the AMO AND Greenland precipitation ALTHOUGH, DUE TO COLLINEARITY, ANY PHYSICAL RELATION COULD PARTLY BE ACTING THROUGH NAO CHANGES."

Response: The suggested changes have been made.


Response: The suggested references to storm-tracks and the GBI have now been included in our revised section on accumulation relationships with climate modes.

Comment: p.11, l.7 "Negative correlations in the northern and western regions...are indicative of greater precipitation during NAO negative conditions..." - but there should be positive correlations for Greenland overall (Greenland precip more generally reduces under negative NAO) because negative NAO is usually linked with positive GBI (anticyclonic conditions over Greenland, which should overall suppress precipitation) - please clarify. Obviously there are well-documented regional variations of this relation.

Response: The confusion here may stem from the seasonality of the NAO correlations (winter) and the GBI correlations (primarily summer, when the GBI and NAO indices show the largest differences). Our new figure [reproduced below] using seasonal-annual correlations with the NAO, GBI and AMO clarifies these relationships. Our analysis of EOF2 in the context of the wintertime NAO is supported by the similar temporal variability of the wintertime NAO index and EOF time series, and the strong similarity of the EOF2 vs. IceBridge accumulation correlation map to the wintertime NAO vs. IceBridge accumulation correlation map. Our new figure shows a weak positive correlation between IceBridge accumulation and summertime GBI – i.e. slightly higher accumulation during enhanced blocking. While this may seem counter-intuitive, this relationship is driven by enhanced meridional flow and moisture advection into Greenland under the weak zonal flow associated with GBI positive (NAO negative) conditions (Hanna et al., 2016). We respectfully disagree that there should be positive correlations between Greenland precipitation and the NAO overall. Box et al. (2013) found that the sign of this correlation reverses four times from 1880-2005. Hanna et al. (2011) found no significant correlation between the NAO and Greenland-wide precipitation from 1870-2009 and 1950-2009 (their Table 7).

Comment: p.11, l.25 -> "used to validate THE study".

Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.11, l.30 "we hypothesize that rising accumulation over most of the GIS interior since 1976 is related to an increasing AMO index" – rising accum. could equally well reflect changes in atmospheric circulation, e.g. a more meridional airflow on average - with more moisture laden south-westerly winds, affecting Greenland.

Response: We no longer discuss this recent accumulation rise because it is not statistically significant. The relevant figure (original Figure 11) has also been removed.

Comment: p.12, l.6: The Hanna et al. (2013) reference cited here should be for the IJOC paper referenced above, not the Nature paper - please amend.

Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: p.13, l.6 : change "strongest" to "most strongly". References Box & Rinke 2003 paper has the authors’ names repeated twice. Please add other author names (or et al.) of the Shepherd 2012 Science paper.
Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Comment: Table 1: add in the caption what the plus/minus figures represent.

Response: The suggested changes have been made.

Figure 12: Correlation map between 1899-2014 IceBridge accumulation and epoch-averaged climate indices. Statistically significant correlations are shown as larger data points. Maps show correlation of IceBridge data with a) Wintertime Jones (1997) NAO. b) Annual Jones (1997) NAO. c) Summer GBI. d) Annual AMO.

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